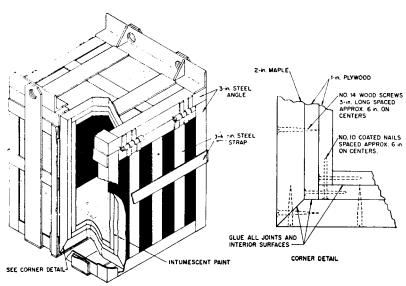
§ 178.364-6 Typical assembly detail.



RADIOISOTOPES SHIPPING CASK FIRE AND IMPACT SHIELD

[Amdt. 178-35, 39 FR 45253, Dec. 31, 1974; 40 FR 2435, Jan. 31, 1975. Redesigntated by Amdt. 178-97, 55 FR 52716, Dec. 21, 1990]

L-Non-bulk Perform-Subpart ance-Oriented **Packaging Standards**

SOURCE: Amdt. 178-97, 55 FR 52717, Dec. 21, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

§178.500 Purpose, scope and definitions.

- (a) This subpart prescribes certain requirements for non-bulk packagings for hazardous materials. Standards for these packagings are based on the UN Recommendations.
- (b) Terms used in this subpart are defined in §171.8 of this subchapter.

§ 178.502 Identification codes for packagings.

- (a) Identification codes for designating kinds of packagings consist of the following:
- (1) A numeral indicating the kind of packaging, as follows:
 - (i) "1" means a drum.
 - (ii) ''2'' means a wooden barrel.
 - (iii) "3" means a jerrican.

- (iv) "4" means a box.
- (v) "5" means a bag.
- (vi) "6" means a composite packaging.
- (vii) "7" means a pressure receptacle.
- (2) A capital letter indicating the material of construction, as follows:
- (i) "A" means steel (all types and surface treatments).
 - (ii) "B" means aluminum.

 - (ii) "B" means addition...
 (iii) "C" means natural wood.
 (iv) "D" means plywood.
 (v) "F" means reconstituted wood.
 - (vi) "G" means fiberboard.

 - (vii) "H" means plastic. (viii) "L" means textile.
 - (ix) "M" means paper, multi-wall.
- (x) "N" means metal (other than steel or aluminum).
- (xi) "P" means glass, porcelain or stoneware.
- (3) A numeral indicating the category of packaging within the kind to which the packaging belongs. For example, for steel drums ("1A"), "1" indicates a non-removable head drum (i.e., "1A1") and "2" indicates a removable head drum (i.e., "1A2").

§ 178.503

(b) For composite packagings, two capital letters are used in sequence in the second position of the code, the first indicating the material of the inner receptacle and the second, that of the outer packaging. For example, a plastic receptacle in a steel drum is designated "6HA1".

(c) For combination packagings, only the code number for the outer pack-

aging is used.

(d) Identification codes are set forth in the standards for packagings in §§ 178.504 through 178.523 of this subpart.

[Amdt. 178–97, 55 FR 52717, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended by Amdt. 178–106, 59 FR 67519, Dec. 29, 1994]

§ 178.503 Marking of packagings.

- (a) A manufacturer must mark every packaging that is represented as manufactured to meet a UN standard with the marks specified in this section. The markings must be durable, legible and placed in a location and of such a size relative to the packaging as to be readily visible, as specified in §178.3(a). Except as otherwise provided in this section, every reusable packaging liable to undergo a reconditioning process which might obliterate the packaging marks must bear the marks specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) and (a) (9) of this section in a permanent form (e.g. embossed) able to withstand the reconditioning process. A marking may be applied in a single line or in multiple lines provided the correct sequence is used. As illustrated by the examples in paragraph (e) of this section, the following information must be presented in the correct sequence. Slash marks should be used to separate this information. A packaging conforming to a UN standard must be marked as follows:
- (1) The United Nations symbol as illustrated in paragraph (e)(1) of this section (for embossed metal receptacles, the letters UN may be applied in place of the symbol);
- (2) A packaging identification code designating the type of packaging, the material of construction and, when appropriate, the category of packaging under §§178.504 through 178.523 of this subpart within the type to which the packaging belongs. The letter "V"

must follow the packaging identification code on packagings tested in accordance with §178.601(g)(2); for example, "4GV". The letter "W" must follow the packaging identification code on packagings when required by an approval under the provisions of §178.601(h) of this part;

(3) A letter identifying the performance standard under which the packaging design type has been successfully

tested, as follows:

(i) X—for packagings meeting Packing Group I, II and III tests;

(ii) Y—for packagings meeting Pack-

ing Group II and III tests; or

(iii) Z—for packagings only meeting Packing Group III tests;

- (4) A designation of the specific gravity or mass for which the packaging design type has been tested, as follows:
- (i) For packagings without inner packagings intended to contain liquids, the designation shall be the specific gravity rounded down to the first decimal but may be omitted when the specific gravity does not exceed 1.2; and
- (ii) For packagings intended to contain solids or inner packagings, the designation shall be the maximum gross mass in kilograms;
- (5)(i) For single and composite packagings intended to contain liquids, the test pressure in kilopascals rounded down to the nearest 10 kPa of the hydrostatic pressure test that the packaging design type has successfully passed;
- (ii) For packagings intended to contain solids or inner packagings, the letter "E".
- (6) The last two digits of the year of manufacture. Packagings of types 1H and 3H shall also be marked with the month of manufacture in any appropriate manner; this may be marked on the packaging in a different place from the remainder of the markings;
- (7) The state authorizing allocation of the mark. The letters 'USA' indicate that the packaging is manufactured and marked in the United States in compliance with the provisions of this subchapter:
- (8) The name and address or symbol of the manufacturer or the approval agency certifying compliance with subpart L and subpart M of this part. Symbols, if used, must be registered